

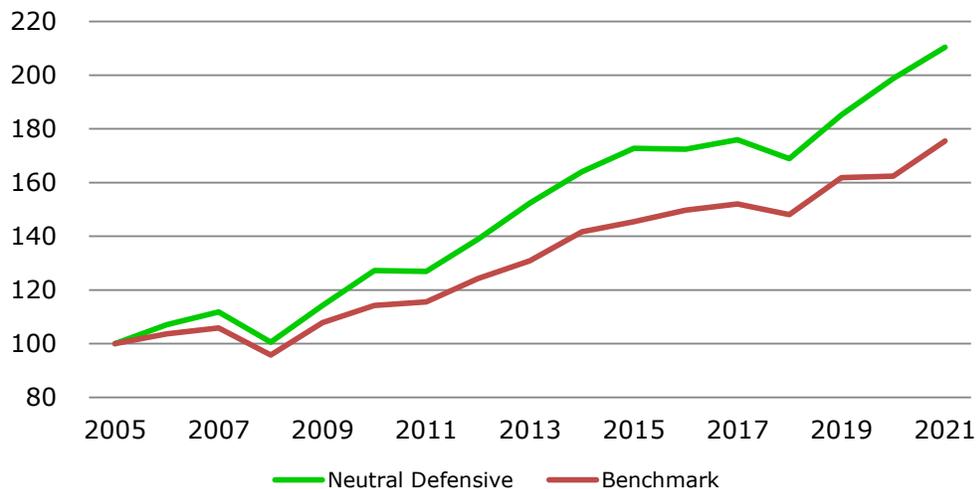


## Neutral Defensive

- \* You aim to achieve both a regular flow of income from your portfolio and capital growth.
- \* As a portion of the portfolio can be invested in shares, you accept a considerable risk of fall in value.
- \* You invest your assets for a minimum period of seven years.
- \* Your portfolio consists of shares, bonds and liquid assets.

	<i>Bandwidth</i>	<i>Neutrale weighting</i>
Shares	30 - 40%	35%
Bonds	40 - 65%	55%
Liquid Assets	0 - 30%	10%

### Trend in returns (growth per €100)



Source: Fair Capital Partners Asset Management

The returns shown were achieved in the past. The value of your investment can fluctuate.

Past results do not guarantee future results.

<i>Average gross return</i>	<i>2021</i>	<i>3 years</i>	<i>5 years</i>	<i>10 years</i>
Neutral Defensive Profile	5,9%	7,6%	4,1%	5,2%
Benchmark*	8,1%	5,8%	3,2%	4,3%

Source: Fair Capital Partners Asset Management

The returns shown are the average annual returns before deduction of costs.

\* 17.5% MSCI World, 17.5% Eurotop 100, 55% Citi Netherlands GBI 5-7 years and 10% liquidity



### **What is the risk meter?**

The risk meter indicates the level of the risk of the investments in a risk profile. This risk is based on the volatility of the return and the correlation between the different investment categories. The standardised graphical representation gives you more of a point of reference when comparing the different profile names that are used in the market. The risk meter indicates the volatility of the investments in a risk profile in the future, but is no guarantee.

The principles of the risk meter:

- \* The risk meter assumes a diversified investment portfolio. A less diversified investment portfolio mostly entails a higher risk. Therefore please also read the information about the [diversification risk](#).
- \* The risk meter assumes a long time horizon. The shorter the time horizon and the more volatile the share prices, the less time there is to compensate poor returns with good returns.
- \* The risk meter concerns the investment mix in a profile and not the actual investments.

### **What is neutral weighting?**

The neutral weighting is the portion of the portfolio that is invested in a certain investment category under neutral market conditions. This portion is expressed as a percentage. For example: under the Neutral risk profile, there is a neutral weighting of 50% in the investment category shares. Depending on the current situation on the financial markets, we adjust the weightings. However, the weightings will always remain within the bandwidths of your risk profile.